

# THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XVIII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1899.

NUMBER 46.

## NOT A SOUL ESCAPED.

Vessel at Anchor Sinks During the Night.

## SIXTEEN LIVES WERE LOST.

Further Particulars of the Dire Disaster Which Befell a British Steamer During the Raging of a Heavy Gale.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 16.—The full list of those lost by the capsizing of the British ship *Andelana*, anchored in this port awaiting cargo, is as follows:

Captain G. W. Staling, E. H. Crowe, E. G. Doe, Nemey Possaim, Joseph M. A. D'Holyere, Charles S. Smith, James Daly, J. R. Brown, H. H. Hanson, Anton Jensen, John Neilson, F. Ostrom, Fred Hindstrom, August Simonson and Pat Wilson.

The ship, which was worth probably \$150,000, entered this port several days ago. She was to have loaded wheat for Europe. Friday the ship was taken to a dock and all ballast removed and the hold cleared preparatory to receiving cargo. She was then towed to anchorage, at which point disaster overtook her. The ship was riding the waves serenely when the skippers of other vessels anchored close by retired for the night.

When daylight dawned no signs of the *Andelana* were visible. Over the spot where the ship rode at anchor the night before only a danger signal buoy was visible.

As all on board perished, only surmises as to the cause of the disaster are obtainable. The ship, according to all accounts, was headed in a southerly direction, or toward the head of the bay, at the time the gale swept down the sound. The heavy winds caused the ship to strain and snap the chains. The ship, freed from ballast and floating like a chip, careened over under the pressure of a heavy gale, shipping great quantities of water, filling completely the hold and forecastle, causing her to capsize and sink to the bottom, all in a very few minutes.

Later the ill-fated vessel was located. She lies on the bottom of the sound on her broad side, under 23 fathoms of water, close by the spot where she had been anchored.

### Father and Son Drowned.

Harrisburg, Ky., Jan. 16.—Daniel Jennings, a tobacco grower, and his son Samuel were drowned in Cedar Run, near Curdsville. Jennings and his son were trying to save some tobacco from a barn near the overflowing creek, which was very high and swift owing to the heavy rains of the past few days. No one witnessed the accident, but it is the general opinion that the boy first fell into the stream, and the father, in attempting to rescue him, lost his own life. The accident wiped out the entire family by drowning, as Jennings' wife and two daughters were drowned in the Kentucky river some months ago.

### Committed Wrong But No Crime.

Indianapolis, Jan. 16.—O. A. Baker, ex-state senator, whose matrimonial ventures with Russian Countess Nazimow have aroused considerable comment at his home town, has picked up heart. "I shall return to Marion," he said. "I have several matters to look after here and have not yet completed them. I have committed no crime, and I guess they won't hang me when I return to Marion. There has been a great deal of wrong, but no crime."

### Express Ditched.

Welland, Ont., Jan. 16.—Michigan Central express No. 15, westbound, due here, was thrown from the track at the interlocking switch at the Grand Trunk crossing on account of the air-brakes on the train refusing to work. The engine, tender, two baggage cars and two passenger coaches were ditched, the engine being badly wrecked. Three of the crew were injured.

### Hebrews Celebrate the Sabbath.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—The Sinai (Jewish) congregation, which was the first in this country to hold Sunday services, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of that movement. An elaborate program of music and speaking was given, eminent rabbis from all over the country making addresses.

### Ohio River Rising.

Cincinnati, Jan. 16.—The river here was 41 feet 8 inches, at which stage it remained all day. At all points between here and Pittsburgh it was rising slowly. Nearly all tributaries are falling. Unless heavy rain sets in within two days the stage will not exceed 45 feet.

Sacramento, Jan. 16.—On the ninth ballot for senator there was but one change in the Republican vote, Marvin, going from Felton to Grant.

### DERAILED A FREIGHT.

Railroad Right-of-Way War Becoming Exceedingly Warm.

Wheeling, Jan. 16.—The Wheeling and Lake Erie and Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling railroads are engaged in a right of way war over the river at Martin's Ferry.

Last week the first round was fought and resulted in the Wheeling and Lake Erie getting its switch in the disputed territory, and across the tracks of the other road. This work was done in the night. Since then the Wheeling has had an engine standing across the new track. Sunday afternoon, however, the engine was sent away for a fresh supply of water and at once the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling had a force of men tear up the newly laid tracks of the Wheeling and establish its own blockade at the disputed point. In addition, a Wheeling and Lake Erie car was shot over a switch into the Ohio river, which is now at a high stage, and the car is entirely submerged. Two Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling cars were derailed and badly damaged. The afternoon's work was witnessed by a large and interested crowd.

### A Robber's Nerve.

Philadelphia, Jan. 16.—One of the most daring hold-ups on record occurred within a stone's throw of the town hall of Stockton, Camden county. A well dressed man called at Elwood Antrim's hardware store, and asked Morton Pennock, the clerk, to show him some revolvers. The visitor was at once accommodated with several boxes, and picking up one of the weapons the stranger asked if a 32-caliber cartridge would fit it. Mr. Pennock placed a cartridge in the weapon and handed it to the stranger, who filled the chambers. Placing one revolver in his pocket, the man coolly pointed the other at the clerk's head and remarked: "Hand me your money." Being alone in the store and afraid to move, the clerk opened the money drawer and handed the stranger a bag containing \$70 in cash; also some small change from the rear of the counter. The robber then hurriedly left the place.

### Sudden Turn of Affairs.

Benton Harbor, Mich., Jan. 16.—Fifteen days ago Fred Ball and Mildred Vaughan, an alleged millionaire of Kentucky, were married, and in less than a week the bride brought suit to annul the marriage. Now Ball has commenced a damage suit through Attorney Howell of Cassopolis, against the Vaughan for alienating the affections of his six days' bride. Ball places his damages at \$50,000. It is alleged that Ball was offered a sum of money to never appear in court and thus allow the wife to get a divorce. Ex-Consul O'Hara of St. Joseph is the attorney for the Kentucky bride in prosecuting her case.

### Pullman Denies the Report.

Hot Springs, Ark., Jan. 16.—Mr. Pullman, who is in the city in answer to a question regarding the reported separation of himself and wife, stated emphatically that there was no foundation for the story. He said it must have originated with one of his servants, whom he recently discharged.

He has been married five months, and says during that time he has never had the slightest unpleasantness with his wife. Mr. Pullman, who is sick, is here taking a course of baths. His wife, he says, will come here within the next week or 10 days, and will remain with him until he returns home.

### Weekly Bank Statement.

New York, Jan. 16.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve increased \$4,732,700, loans increased \$3,042,200, specie increased \$4,742,500, legal tenders increased \$2,221,200, deposits increased \$8,924,000, circulation decreased \$25,100. The banks now hold \$28,263,075 in excess of requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

### Born In a Depot.

Peru, Ind., Jan. 16.—Mrs. H. F. Newton, en route from Clarendon, Ala., to her mother's home, at East Liverpool, O., was taken ill while on the train and removed to the ladies' waiting room at the station, where she gave birth to a fine 8-pound girl. They received good attention and mother and child are doing well.

### Carriage Works Burned.

Monroe, Wis., Jan. 16.—Fitzgibbon Brothers' carriage works, the largest plant in the city, was totally destroyed by fire. Loss, \$50,000; insurance, \$15,000.

### Signed With Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Jan. 16.—E. J. Hustings, the crack pitcher of last year's University of Wisconsin ball team, signed a contract to play with the Milwaukee Western league team next season.

### Fell on a Buzz Saw.

Peru, Ind., Jan. 16.—Charles Whistler, 20, while sawing up a log slipped and fell across the large circular saw, which cut him nearly in two above the waste. He can not recover.

## FRIENDLY, BUT FIRM.

Attitude of Iloilo Rebels Toward Americans.

### STILL OPPOSE A LANDING.

Officers of General Miller's Expedition Permitted to Go Ashore, but Troops Are Re-used Fresh Supplies by the Natives.

Manilla, Jan. 16.—Official dispatches just received here from Iloilo indicate that the natives are disposed to be friendly.

They are, however, absolutely opposed to the landing of United States forces without orders from Malolos, the seat of the so-called Filipino national government. Some of the officials at Iloilo are not in accord with the revolutionary government, but are willing to accept an American protectorate and to go to state the case to Aguinaldo if furnished transportation by the Americans.

The United States transports Newport, Arizona and Pennsylvania, with the Eighteenth infantry, the Iowa battalion, the Sixth artillery and a detachment of the signal corps, constituting General Miller's expedition, are anchored close to Guimaras island, between Panay and Negros, where an excellent water supply is obtainable. The natives, though indisposed primarily to furnish the Americans with fresh supplies, now permit the American officers to go ashore and furnish them with an escort during the day.

### Emissaries From Aguinaldo.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—Among the passengers who arrived on the steamer Nippon Maru from Hongkong and Yokohama, via Honolulu, are three emissaries of Aguinaldo, the Philippine insurgent leader. They are Senor Morto, Senor Lowde and Senor Luid, three members of Aguinaldo's cabinet. They are en route to Washington on a secret mission, the purpose of which they refuse to divulge. The Filipinos are intelligent and speak English fluently. They will probably stay in this city for a day or two, and then will go on to Washington direct.

### A Baseless Agitation.

Berlin, Jan. 16.—The ambassador of the United States here in an interview said that the whole flurry of indignation in the two countries is just as baseless this year as last, and may be even more baseless. He added: "In my judgment it emanates entirely from a small number of people, who seem to fish in troubled waters. As a matter of fact, Germany knows her only true policy in the east is to remain on good terms with the United States."

### Abandoned the Ship.

Savannah, Jan. 16.—The steamship City of Macon, from Boston, brought to port Captain Kennerly and the crew, nine men all told, of the schooner Aloha of Bath, Me., abandoned Saturday night 25 miles southeast of Georgetown light in a sinking condition. The Aloha left Fernandina a week ago with a cargo of phosphate rock, bound for New York.

### With the Sixth Ohio.

Cienfuegos, Jan. 16.—Six companies of the Fourth Tennessee regiment are at Trinidad, six companies at Sancti Spiritus, while the Sixth Ohio regiment is stationed here. A battalion of the Sixth Ohio will soon be assigned to the city of Santa Clara. The Sixth Ohioans are living in tents outside Cienfuegos, and the general health of the men is excellent.

### West Virginia Deadlock.

Charleston, W. Va., Jan. 16.—The legislature has been in session four days the past week without doing anything. This general deadlock will continue all this week. The Democrats hold their senatorial caucus on Wednesday night and the Republicans on Thursday night, but the balloting in joint session does not begin till next week.

### Tried to Kill Himself.

Philadelphia, Jan. 16.—John J. Kellogg of Washington, Ia., a veteran of the civil war, attempted suicide by shooting himself in the head. He is in a critical condition. Despondency caused by ill health is said to have prompted his act. During the civil war Kellogg was a captain of volunteers and served under General Grant.

### Collided With a Freight.

Philadelphia, Jan. 16.—In a collision between a freight train and a locomotive on the Philadelphia and Reading railway at Glenside, near here, several cars were overturned and burned, and John Ruth, brakeman on the freight train, was pinned under the timbers and burned to death.

### Papal Delegate Expected.

Havana, Jan. 16.—The bishop of Havana announces that an apostolic delegate is expected here.

### SOLD INTO SLAVERY.

Over a Thousand Coolies to Work on Plantations in Old Mexico.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 16.—A story of alleged Chinese slavery has come to light here since the arrival of the steamship Empress of Japan from the orient.

She brought from Hongkong 406 Chinese, of whom 191 were reported to be destined for Mexico, to work on plantations. They were under the care of a Chinaman named Ma Chop, who stated that 1,300 more are to follow. While herding the Chinese from the dock to a special train a stampede ensued. In their frenzy a number rushed toward the edge of the dock. They would have fallen into the bay had it not been for a police officer, who stopped the mad rush by knocking a score of them down. When they were finally rounded up it was found that eight were missing. After several minor stampedes the Chinese were persuaded to get on the train.

The cause of the frenzy and the stampede was the arrival of a Chinaman from San Francisco, who told them they had been sold as slaves by Hongkong men, and that they would never go back to China. Local Chinese here are helping the men still in hiding in every possible way, as all are convinced that they and the remainder of the 1,300 to follow are being sold into slavery. They are going to send word to the Chinese government about it.

### For a Bimetallic Convention.

Louisville, Jan. 16.—Judge James P. Tarvin of Covington, president of the League of Bimetallic Clubs of the Ohio Valley, met a local committee of the Young Men's Democratic club and made arrangements for the convention which the league will hold in Louisville next summer. This is the first active step of preparation made toward these gatherings of advocates of the white metal. Judge Tarvin stated to the committee that he had certainly secured as speakers for the occasion William Jennings Bryan, George Fred Williams of Massachusetts and the Hon. Charles A. Towne of Minnesota.

### Dr. Dixon Discouraged.

New York, Jan. 16.—Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., who for four years past has been preaching to the People's church, Christian Union, read to his congregation his resignation. In his letter of resignation Dr. Dixon said that the results of his work have been disappointing: that he had not been able to raise sufficient money to meet expenses, and that he "had been disillusionized as to the idea of organic Christian union." He has determined to resume his position in the regular Baptist ministry.

### Fourth Ohio Muddle.

Cleveland, Jan. 16.—Adjutant General Kingsley said a proposition had been made by the war department concerning the payment of the members of the Fourth Ohio regiment which would settle the controversy. It is proposed that if the state will waive its right to reimbursement for money paid the troops before they left camp at Columbus, the full amount due the soldiers from the government will be paid.

### Dr. Hillis a Success.

New York, Jan. 16.—There was an actual crush before the opening of the doors of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, of people determined to hear Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, formerly of Chicago, deliver his first Sunday sermon in the edifice. The gathering, in its different phases, brought forcibly to mind the days of Henry Ward Beecher, and Dr. Hillis' more ardent friends were delighted beyond expression.

### Stoned a Spanish Flag.

Havana, Jan. 16.—A Spanish flag having been raised over a hotel on the Calzada del Monte, a crowd of Cubans gathered and began to throw stones at it. Company B, Tenth regular infantry, was called and proceeded to the scene of the disturbance at double quick and with fixed bayonets speedily dispersed the mob, which was fast becoming ugly.

### Autonomy For Santiago.

Santiago, Jan. 16.—El Porvenir publishes an extra giving a cable message from Dr. Joaquin Castillo, now in Washington with General Wood in the interest of the Santiago board of trade. Dr. Castillo says that complete autonomy will be granted to the province. The whole city is talking of a demonstration to celebrate the prospect.

### Arrived Home.

Barcelona, Spain, Jan. 16.—The Spanish transport Munchen, which sailed from Havana on Dec. 28, having on board repatriated soldiers, including General Aroias, the former military governor of Havana, has arrived here.

### Will Go to Cuba.

Columbus, Ga., Jan. 16.—The Third Kentucky regiment is again packing up, and will get away to Savannah, where it will go on board a transport for Cuba.

## WORK FOR CONGRESS.

Present Week Will Be One of Importance.

### VITAL MEASURES TO BE UP.

▲ Vote to Be Taken in the Senate on the Nicaragua Canal Bill—Representative Dingley's Funeral Attended by Senators.

Washington, Jan. 16.—It is the purpose of Senator Davis, in charge of the peace treaty, to again call it up as soon as it can be reached without displacing other measures which take precedence under the existing orders of the senate. These questions are the Indian appropriation bill and the Nicaragua canal bill.

Under the agreement made last week the canal bill will be taken up at 3 o'clock Tuesday for discussion, in speeches not to exceed 15 minutes in duration. The senators opposed to the pending bill express no intention of trying to prevent a vote, and the friends of the bill are very confident that this culmination will not be postponed beyond Wednesday. Senator Morgan, who has led the contest for the measure, expressed the opinion that the final vote would be reached before adjournment Tuesday. He predicts that the bill will go through without being amended in any essential particular.

The senate at noon attended the funeral of Representative Dingley.

### DINGLEY'S FUNERAL.

Sad and Impressive Rites in the House Over His Remains.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The work of the house during the coming week was overcast with the sad rites attending the final tributes to Mr. Dingley. These were held in the house of representatives at noon and immediately following them the house adjourned for the day.

On Tuesday the legislative work of the house will be resumed with the naval personnel bill coming over from last Friday.

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## EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
ROSSER & McCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES OF DAILY.  
One month..... 25 Three months..... 75  
12 months..... \$1.50 One year..... \$3.00

MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1899.

Kentucky.—Partly cloudy weather, southwesterly winds.

CARNEGIE must mean business in his opposition to the Administration's policy of imperialism. It is said he has offered to pay Spain \$20,000,000 for the freedom of the Philippines if Uncle Sam will step aside.

THE Courier-Journal is now trying to even up with Boss Whalen for his desertion of the gang, by jumping on to his theater. It has it seems just found out that the Buckingham is "the lowest, dirtiest, filthiest hole in Louisville." What a dandy set Whalen's old pals are, anyhow?

TRUSTS and combines are all the rage. The New York World enumerates a few of the latest. Here are some of them: The silverware combine, the writing paper trust, the pottery trust, the sewer-pipe trust, the upper-leather trust, the harness leather trust, and then there are the electric trust, the tobacco trust and the carbon trust. But this is a Republican administration and with a trust fostering and trust protecting tariff it is but natural that the thieving combines should flourish as a green-bay tree.

### FOR COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

The Democratic convention to select nominees for the various State offices will probably be held early in the spring and the announcement that Dr. J. M. Fraze, of this city, is a candidate for Commissioner of Agriculture lends additional local interest to the campaign. The BULLETIN speaks by authority when it states that he is a candidate for the position.

Dr. Fraze is one of the staunchest Democrats in Kentucky and at the same time one of the State's best and most worthy citizens. He has represented Mason County two terms in the General Assembly, and while a member of the Legislature served on some of the most important committees, retiring at the close of his two terms with a most honorable record.

Dr. Fraze's service in the Legislature gave him a wide acquaintance throughout the State, and his friends everywhere will be glad to accord him a hearty support in the present campaign. He is eminently well qualified for the position of Commissioner, and the BULLETIN, along with his many other friends, would be glad to see him honored with the nomination.

### COMMISSIONERS' FEES.

### Important Decision of the Court of Appeals on the Subject.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 14.—The Court of Appeals to-day decided that Circuit Judges must be governed strictly by the statute in allowing fees to Commissioners for making sales of property, collecting the money and paying it over to the proper parties.

The case came up from Louisville, and will almost revolutionize the fees allowed to Commissioners in Jefferson, Kenton, Campbell, Fayette and several other counties, as in the case decided the Commissioner, who sold property under order of Court for \$26,000, was allowed by the Circuit Judge \$272 for his services, while the Court of Appeals holds he should be paid \$25 only under the statute.

### The Deadly Grip

Is again abroad in the land. The air you breath may be full of its fatal germs! Don't neglect the "grip" or you will open the door to pneumonia and consumption and invite death. Its sure signs are chills with fever, headache, dull heavy pains, mucous discharges from the nose, sore throat and never-let-go cough. Don't waste precious time treating this cough with troches, tablets, or poor, cheap syrups. Cure it at once with Dr. King's New Discovery, the infallible remedy for bronchial troubles. It kills the disease germs, heals the lungs and prevents the dreaded after effects from the malady. Price 50 cts. and \$1. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at J. J. Wood & Son's drug store.

### Cut Her Throat.

Marietta, O., Jan. 16.—Mrs. Charles Biehl, wife of a prominent farmer living near Marietta, committed suicide by cutting her throat with a razor.

### PITHY POINTS.

Some men might be members of all the churches in the world and yet love whisky more than them all.

Men who drink whisky are a disgrace to the membership of any church; how much more are they who sell the stuff.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE  
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## TOBACCO QUESTION.

### Some Suggestions to Growers by a Germantown Farmer.

Would Regulate the Quantity by Legislation—Thought Would be Better All 'Round.

We have taken considerable interest in the attitude taken by farmers all over the country, the resolutions passed and suggestions offered to combat the gigantic tobacco trust formed by the manufacturers detrimental to the tobacco growers.

The suggestions offered to curtail the acreage and holding the present crop are good ones if uniformly carried out; but what has been the result in years past in the tobacco district when the question of curtailing the acreage and better handling was recommended? Some farmers would heed the advice, but the majority would say, "There is going to be a small acreage planted this year, I will prepare to raise the largest crop I ever raised in my life, build an extra barn &c., as I think prices will advance."

The result would be more than an average crop that year. Holding the crop now in the barn would be of temporary advantage, but would probably be injurious in the long run. If the present crop was held till next June no doubt prices would advance. What then? Farmers would make preparation to raise the largest crop ever known, so holding the present crop would likely only be of advantage this year. There has been no plan adopted as yet to enable the poor farmer to hold his crop any time after he gets it ready for market. It has been twelve months since he started to raise the crop now in the barn, and he has exhausted most of his time and best energies to secure a good crop and he has yet to wait some time to enjoy the fruit of his labor. If he gets his tobacco ready for market in January or February and a buyer does not come to his barn he is likely to ship it (as no one ever heard of a farmer getting a good price for his tobacco when he had to go after a buyer to make a bid on it). If he ships it in those months he has to take whatever the manufacturer feels like giving for it, or else take it home and hang it up in the barn again as his tobacco will not keep in the hoggshead after the middle of March. He has not the time and means to do this as he is getting ready to raise a large crop of tobacco at home, and if he had he would not likely fare any better. If he keeps his tobacco till May or June and puts it in good order he is then out of some of his labor fifteen months; he is getting anxious to sell it as probably his family is needing the proceeds for bread. He ships and goes to try the market. He finds that when the auctioneer reaches his tobacco that one of the prominent buyers for the manufacturer is out taking a drink or taking a lunch or something else, and he sees his tobacco neglected. He has to take the price offered or else pay the rejection fees and all the other fees connected with it. He has not the time and means to make another trip to the city as the weeds are growing in his crop at home, and if he had would probably share a like result with additional expense.

We know from personal experience for the last twenty-five years of the tedious work and the hardships the tobacco grower has to endure to successfully raise a crop of tobacco. In the first place he has to walk on his hands and feet and partly on his head to get his crop set out. Then again he has to labor faithfully under the boiling hot sun through the long days of June and July, and follow his work to the open barn in mid-winter, exposed to the cold winter's blast saved for the comfort afforded from a few coals that are kept to warm his fingers that he might make more progress with his work, more than for his own personal comfort. And we think such a man is entitled to a fair compensation for his labor. The manufacturer of tobacco and all other men in whatever avocation are entitled to fair profit in accordance with the time and money expended. If their work is not sufficiently remunerative to make a respectable living they had better quit that special work or amend it in such a way as to make it more profitable without special injury to any one. This is what we want to do in regard to raising tobacco. The only feasible plan in our mind is to legislate in the interest of the tobacco grower, in

such a way that it would not only benefit the grower, but the manufacturer and every man who uses and works in tobacco. No one ever heard of a farmer getting rich solely from raising tobacco, while we know of several firms who have grown rich from the manufacture of tobacco. The factories that manufacture three-fourths of the tobacco in the world do not exceed one dozen, while those who are interested in growing tobacco number up in the thousands, and are so poor from raising tobacco that one half their number have not the means to meet at any given point to discuss what is best for their interest. This is one reason why we say to legislate in the interest of all is the best plan.

The plan that we would suggest, subject to any amendment the tobacco growers in their wisdom would deem best, is this: That every land owner be allowed to raise or have raised on his farm 4,000 pounds of tobacco to each 100 acres of land he possesses, and a proportional number of pounds to each fraction of a hundred acres, and all over the above allowance raised, tax the owner of the land, say at the rate of \$50 per 1,000 pounds. At that rate the man with a fifty acre farm would be allowed to raise 2,000 pounds without taxation, the seventy-five acre farm 3,000 pounds, the 200 acre farm 8,000 pounds without taxation and so on. At this rate we believe taking all the land owners that raised tobacco or had tobacco raised in the year '98, the acreage would be reduced one-half. By the adoption of the above plan the farmer would have only about half the number of acres to select for tobacco, thereby enabling him to pick better land, land that would grow a more salable article of tobacco. The quality being better and the quantity being smaller, the farmer could handle better, and we believe the average price for tobacco for the next ten years would be more than double the average price for the last ten.

The above plan could not be made practical for the year 1899, as plans have already been arranged for that crop, but its early adoption to take effect on the crop of 1900 would not only advance the price of the crop raised in 1899, but the crop now on hand as well. We feel satisfied that a vote of all the farmers who had tobacco raised on their farm in the year '98 would be almost unanimous for the above proposition, as it would be to the interest of all to do so. We believe the above proposition would carry by letting every man vote who had a personal interest in growing the crop of 1898. The above law would be of such advantage to the landlord that he would encourage the tenant now raising tobacco on the shares to give him an interest in other crops that would be more profitable to both.

It does seem strange that a tobacco grower in order to better his condition would have to vote for a tax on one of the products that has heretofore occupied most of his time and attention, but such would have to be the case at present. Kentucky produces half the tobacco grown in the world, and eight States in the U. S. is said to produce nine-tenths of the tobacco grown in the world. The parts of those States selected to grow tobacco are the most fertile and productive, and would grow any other crop raised in those States more abundantly than any where else to be found. Would grow wheat, rye, oats, barley, hemp, millet, orchard grass, timothy, clover, bluegrass, corn, potatoes, fruit. There is no reason why the farmer who is now raising tobacco on the shares could not occupy his time with profit in raising those crops on the shares, without necessarily having to move out of his present abode. The tenant farmer is making a living cultivating those crops on the shares in other States less productive than the tobacco growing States. The landowner of 100 acres by having the 4,000 pounds tobacco mark as a standard would have a great portion of his tobacco barn empty that could be very easily converted into a stock barn for stock that is now compelled to winter out in the cold. In fact it seems that the tobacco grower, the manufacturer and everybody interested in handling tobacco would be better paid according to the time and money invested by cultivating a smaller acreage. Tobacco being a luxury the rich man would have to pay more for his plug if he continued to use it as much. The poor man would likely have to use less. Both men would be better off physically and financially by using none at all.

T. M.  
Germantown, Ky.

THE Vanceburg Sun says that in the near future Rev. A. E. Zeigler will resign the pastorate of the Christian Church to accept a call of the Huntington, W. Va., church of like denomination.

## Who Wouldn't Dress Well?

It's no longer a question of cost when the material for a pretty waist, the length for a stylish skirt can be had for a trifle from our remnant table.

### JACKETS AND CAPIES.

We have some of the best bargains we have known in nearly fifty years' experience in the Cloak business. Bargains we feel proud to present. You'll have ample time to enjoy a purchase from our Cloak room as there's three months' winter weather yet ahead. Have you seen our silk-lined tailored Jacket at \$5, or the handsome fur-trimmed Plush Cape we sell for \$7.50?

### BLEACHED MUSLIN.

No previous offering of cotton cloth will compare in smoothness of thread and fineness of texture with the yard-wide bleached we offer this week at 5c. a yard, and a wonderfully good quality in forty inch unbleached at the same price as well.

### MUSSED KERCHIEFS.

Several dozen that did service in holiday decoration go on sale to-day at half price. But what if they are creased and dusty, one laundering will set them right, and the price saving will doubly repay the extra work. If you want any of the Handkerchiefs, don't tarry; their number is small.

## D. HUNT & SON.

## See A. D. Flora & Co.

.....(Successors to M. R. Gilmore).....

### For PRICES on GRANITE, MARBLE

And ALL CEMETERY WORK.

Zweigart Block, Corner Second and Sutton Streets,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.

### FACTS IN A FEW LINES.

In battle only one ball out of 85 takes effect.

The name Holland is an abbreviation of Hollowland.

Afghanistan has a regular army of about 60,000 men.

There are only three structures in the world 500 feet in height.

Korean paper is so strong and dense that it can be used to cover umbrellas.

Asparagus grows wild in the Russian steppes in such abundance that it serves as feed for cows.

Munich is increasing in population very rapidly, having at the present time 430,000 inhabitants.

The civil population of Gibraltar amounts to 19,100, to which is to be added a garrison of about 4,600 men.

Tramway companies in Eben Ayres are not allowed to build any tracks except such as can be used by ordinary vehicles.

The Russians are enormous eaters, feeding about seven or eight times during the day, an average of once every two hours.

A "prince" in Russia is as commonplace as a plain "Mr." in England or the United States, and it denotes just about as much social rank.

The wooden bicycle used by Blondin in his famous ride across the Niagara falls on a rope is still in existence and was sold in Paris not long ago for half a crown.

An English writer, who for 15 years or more has been a student of criminal anthropology, says that large, voluminous ears are the most marked characteristic of the criminal.

In New York city there are more than 1,100 churches, including all denominations. There are more than 15,000 congregations, about 400 of which hold services in rented halls.

The whole of the blood in the body passes through the heart in about 82 beats. In a man of 70 years of age about 67,920 tons of blood will have passed through his heart during his life.

"All is fair in love and war" is one of those proverbs to which no authorship can be assigned. In various forms and language it is found in many poems. It is cited in "Christy's Proverbs" as of very ancient origin.

In the forests of Guiana dwell some very large and exceedingly ferocious black ants, which throw up hills 15 and 20 feet in height. They will not hesitate to attack man, and their headquarters are usually given a wide berth.

A turban generally consists of from 10 to 14 yards of cloth and is as a rule only worn by eunuchs (priests), those who have made the hadj or pilgrimage to Mecca and among theological students; also by some eastern nations.

A matrimonial lottery takes place four times a year in Smolensk, Russia. A young maiden is raffled for, 5,000 tickets being issued, at 1 rouble each. The money is given to the girl as her dowry, and the holder of the lucky ticket marries the girl.

Foreigners in China buy nearly everything on credit, giving signed "chits" for every purchase, the reason being their unwillingness to load themselves down with silver or native coin, while paper money fluctuates too much.

The most curious agency which has been inaugurated in Paris for some time past is that for the supply of the fourteenth guest. Parisians, like some other people, have a superstitious objection to dinner parties of 13. The agency supplies a fourteenth guest.

## Special Election!

STATE OF KENTUCKY,  
MASON COUNTY COURT,

JANUARY TERM, January 9, 1899.

That certain petition filed in this court at last December term, December 12th, 1898, signed by eighty-nine subscribers to same and asking for an election in Washington precinct, Mason County, Kentucky, on Saturday, February 11th, 1899, on a question relating to the sale of spirituous, vinous and malt liquors in said precinct was again produced in open court. The signers of said petition being legally qualified voters of said precinct, and equal in number to more than twenty-five per cent. of the total vote cast therein, at the last preceding general election, and the petitioners having deposited with the County Judge sufficient money to pay the expenses pertaining to said election, it is now ordered that an election be held in Washington precinct, No. 17, Mason County, Kentucky, on Saturday, February 11th, 1899, for the purpose of holding the election aforesaid.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, } Set.

I, C. L. Wood, Clerk of the Mason County Court, do certify that the foregoing is an exact copy of the order made by the Mason County Court at its January term, Monday, January 9th, 1898. Given under my hand, this January 13th, 1898.

Attest:

C. L. WOOD,  
Clerk Mason County Court.  
By A. F. Wood, D. C.

In compliance with the above order of the Mason County Court, I, S. P. Perrine, Sheriff of Mason County, Ky., will on Saturday, the 11th day of February, 1899, between the hours of 7 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. open and hold an election in precinct No. 17 (Washington) Mason County, Ky., to take the sense of the qualified voters of said precinct as to whether or not spirituous, vinous or malt liquors shall be sold, bartered or loaned in said precinct, and whether or not the prohibition law now in force in said precinct shall become inoperative. Given under my official hand, this 14th day of January, 1899.

S. P. PERRINE,  
Sheriff Mason County, Ky.

## TRY WHITE STAR

## COFFEE

It has never been equaled in this city. Prices 20, 25, 30 and 35 cents a pound. Gallon New Orleans Molasses 40 cents. Can Red Salmon 10 cents. My Canned Fruits and Vegetables are all new and first quality and at the lowest prices. I have the goods and want to sell them, and invite you to call and see if what I say is not true. Don't forget that I always have nice dressed Poultry—in fact everything the markets afford.

## W.T. CUMMINS

Third and Limestone.

## L.H. LANDMAN, M.D.,

Of 503 West Ninth Street,

CINCINNATI.

# Only Six Days More of the Record-Breaking Sale at the Bee Hive.

All of our bargains of last week will continue until Saturday, January 20. Lonsdale Green Ticket Muslin 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; good heavy fleeced Vest only 10c. Twenty per cent. discount on all Dress Goods. Turkey Red Prints, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; 6-cent Muslin 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; 5c. Muslin 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Remember everything in the house reduced.

**EXTRA SPECIAL.**—1573 sample garments Ladies' Muslin Underwear, bought at one-third less than regular prices, will be placed on sale. They consist of Gowns, Skirts, Chemise, Drawers and Corset Covers. Some of the finest goods ever seen in Maysville at less than cost to make; no two garments alike. Come before the best are picked over.

## ROSENAU BROS., KINGS OF LOW PRICES.

### TEMPERANCE MEETING.

Dr. Young Greeted By an Audience That Packed the M. E. Church to the Doors.

The union temperance meeting at the M. E. Church last evening attracted an audience that packed the building to the doors, and many were turned away.

Rev. Dr. G. W. Young, of Richmond, Ky., Field Secretary for the Inter-denominational Temperance Movement in Kentucky, was the speaker. He is probably the ablest and one of the most zealous temperance advocates in the State.

Dr. Young spoke for an hour and a half, his address being interspersed with many humorous sallies that kept his audience in smiles much of the time.

Dr. Young said temperance people had been guilty of many foolish things. As an instance he said they had been worrying and trying to keep the children out of the fire, instead of ending the matter by extinguishing the fire itself. They had seen their mistake and are now working to get rid of the saloon. He declared that the saloon must go, and that it would go as soon as the best citizenship of the State were given an opportunity to vote their sentiments.

Dr. Young regards it a crime for the State or municipality to accept a license from the saloon. His society is working to secure a law giving counties the right to vote on the liquor question, or making the county instead of precinct the basis in such elections.

**The Modern Mother**  
Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than by any other. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

The best hotel in San Juan, Porto Rico, charges \$2 a day, but the sleeping rooms all open into courts, have no outside windows and are to the last extremely hot. Under Spanish law, in towns where houses join no outside windows are allowed. This is to avoid the danger of dirt from the interior blowing on to adjacent roofs and contaminating the water, as all the supply is collected from the rainfall on the roofs and stored in cisterns.

One of the most beautiful sights in the world is the annual migration of butterflies across the isthmus of Panama. Toward the end of June a few scattered specimens are discovered flitting out to sea, and as the days go by the number increases until about July 14 or 15 the sky is occasionally almost obscured by myriads of these frail insects.

### River News.

Rising at all points.

The Virginian will pass down at 5:30 this evening, and Nisbet to-night.

The Stanley has gone to the bank for repairs, and the Lizzie Bay will likely take her place.

### THE GOEBEL LAW.

It is the Law of Kentucky on the Subject of Elections.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 14.—This was the last day upon which a petition for rehearing could be filed in the Court of Appeals in the Goebel election bill case, and as no petition was filed the incident is closed and the Goebel bill is the law of Kentucky on the subject of elections.

### For Rent.

Rooms in Hill House lately occupied by Mrs. Barcroft as a boarding house.

MRS. R. B. LOVEL.



## LIKE WILDFIRE

The news of Hechinger's Fire Sale in his Sutton Street Storeroom spread over this and adjoining counties. The opportunity to buy good clothing at half the manufacturer's cost proved a blessing to many whose pocketbooks were not plethoric and yet needed heavy clothing.

Good All-Wool Men's Suits at \$3.50 to \$5.

Splendid Chinchilla, Irish Frieze and Beaver Ulsters, cut extra long, splendidly lined and made, are not often, as in this case, picked up at from \$3.50 to \$7; the latter price buys an English Beaver Overcoat, (they come in blue, brown and black

colors) that a guarantee goes with them that you cannot duplicate elsewhere for less than \$13.00 to \$15.00.

MR. HECHINGER NEVER DOES THINGS BY HALVES.

The unprecedented rush for these goods closed out a good many lots. The cry is: More! More!

That the late comers will have the benefit of Mr. H.'s liberal settlement received from the underwriters (and he makes no bones of it that he was well paid for the damages sustained), he went through his immense stock of fine Clothing in his Second Street House and when-

ever he found a lot that the sizes were badly broken, or Suits did not match out exactly, he sent them to the Sutton Street Storeroom, where,

no matter what they cost, nor how fine the quality, they will share the same fate as the damaged stock.

Don't delay if you wish to secure some of these bargains.

ED

## Hechinger!



### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The store room on Second, now occupied by F. B. Ranson. Apply to N. COOPER.

13-62

FOR RENT—One large and one small room, furnished. Convenient to the business portion of the city. Apply to 17 West Third street.

29-61

# Look Out! Look Out!

We begin to-day a sale the like of which has never been known in your city. Everybody welcome. We have taken invoice and find we have too many goods. Read these prices. Take all you want of them. It will pay you to come for miles to this sale.

Good heavy Brown Cotton, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

Best heavy Unbleached Muslin (Hoosier) 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. You can have as much of it as you wish.

The best brands of Bleached Muslin, such as Lonsdale, Masonville, Fruit of the Loom, 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. Splendid Bleached Muslin 4c.

Good Sheetng Cotton, two and a half yards wide, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

Good Parcale 5c.

Shirting Prints 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

Lace Curtains 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. a pair, worth 75c.

Good dark Calico 3c.

Best brand of Calicos, such as Simpson's Black, Allen's Fancy, etc., 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. a yard.

Indigo Blue Calico 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.

All our winter goods cheaper than you ever knew them to be.

SHOES.—Our stock invoiced 3,700 pair. We want to sell them. Come.

## HAYS & CO.

No. 19 draws the Doll.

COUNTY CLERK WOOD is improving.

RAY'S COUGH SYRUP is a guaranteed cure.

MR. D. M. RUNYON is confined to his home with the grip.

MR. THOMAS M. LUMAN was able to be down town Saturday.

FIRE INSURANCE.—Pickett & Resse, successors to Duley & Baldwin.

WHAT! Twenty cigarettes for 5 cents? Where? At the Senate cigar store.

FOR SALE.—Home place of Mrs. George T. Wood. Apply to F. Devine, agent.

PICKETT & ALEXANDER write security bonds. Do not impose upon your friends.

WATSON FOSTER, of Vanceburg, gets an increase of pension—from \$15 to \$20 a month.

SEE Pickett & Alexander for accident insurance in the best company doing business.

ETHEL, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pollitt, is recovering from an attack of the grip.

THE Senate has confirmed the nomination of Colonel John B. Castleman to be a Brigadier General.

CHENOWETH's cough syrup stops your cough and relieves your cold. Try it. 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

TAKE stock in the ninth series of the People's Building Association. Now open. Call on J. D. Dye, John Duley or any of the directors.

WANTED.—Horse boot makers; steady work and good wages. Address at once, stating expenses, W. E. S., Louisville House, Louisville, Ky.

IF you are wise you will go to Ballenger when you start out to buy anything in the jewelry line. You will find the goods he sells just as he represents them. That's the place to deal.

ONE dollar and five cents pays for a share of stock this week in the Mason County Association. Join in and save your pennies. Call on M. C. Russell, R. K. Hoechlin or any of the directors.

THE newest patterns in sterling silver, spoons and forks; the largest stock to select from at prices not equaled anywhere, at Murphy's. See his low prices on watches and diamonds. Now's your chance for bargains.

THE Deposit Bank of Vanceburg, has elected officers as follows: G. W. Stampfer, President; T. S. Clark, Cashier; Geo. T. Willim, Clerk; G. W. Stamper, T. S. Clark, S. H. Parker, A. J. Stein and Geo. T. Willim, Directors.

YOUR attention just a moment. If you are contemplating the purchase of a watch, diamond or any piece of jewelry, inspect Clooney's stock, see his prices and save from 5 to 15 per cent. Next door to First National Bank.

FIRST proclamation of the marriage of Chief of Police Donovan and Miss Mary Comer was announced at St. Patrick's Church Sunday morning. May Captain Donovan prove as fortunate in all his undertakings as he has been in selecting a help-meet. The bride-to-be is one of Maysville's most estimable young ladies, and the BULLETIN extends congratulations in advance of the happy event.

Red Hot From the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible ulcers that treatment helped for 20 years. Then Buckleman's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures cuts, bruises, burns, boils, felonies, corns, skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by J. J. Wood & Son, druggists.

A KENTUCKIAN TO THE FRONT.

A Sister of Mrs. James S. Pogue, of Mayslick, Scores a Success in New York.

The New York Mail and Express of January 12th, in a notice of an entertainment at Grace Parish Hall for the benefit of the Men's Social Club of Grace Parish, compliments very highly Miss Lottie Culver Jones, instructor in physical culture in Mrs. Leslie Morgan's school. It says: "Miss Jones' reading from Dickens the 'Death of Little Joe' and of 'Briar Rose,' from Boyesen, were two of her most applauded numbers. Miss Jones' elocutionary powers are of the first order, and when grace of gesture such as she possesses in so great a measure are added, the ensemble leaves little to be desired. Her negro dialect and minor key renderings especially are two sympathetic notes in an extraordinary fine scale."

Miss Jones' friends and relatives in this city and county will be glad to hear of her triumph before this large audience in Greater New York. She is a sister of Mrs. James S. Pogue, of Mayslick, who is at present the delighted guest of Doctor Sallie Jagers and her other sisters living in New York. Mrs. Pogue was present to enjoy the enthusiastic applause and the exquisite flowers showered upon her sister.

Sulphur as a Grip Preventative.

Apropos of the prevalence of the grip President George T. Angell, of the American Humane Society, offers what he claims is a panacea for the evil, says the Philadelphia Record. Sulphur is the preventative he suggests. "It has been shown," says he, "how wearing sulphur in the clothing has prevented yellow fever, cholera and other diseases. Half a teaspoonful of powdered sulphur in each shoe or stocking is considered to be sufficient. I find in the London Lancet that no less authority than the President of the Institute of Civil Engineers of London declares that the sulphurous vapor produced by the combustion of coal in that city kills the disease germs in the atmosphere. Sulphur is very cheap, and whether it destroys or keeps out germs of disease from the body or only acts upon the imagination it cannot do much harm to try it."

Brave Men Fall  
Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there is no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind.

He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents at J. J. Wood & Son's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

### PERSONAL.

—Miss Belle Watson is the guest of Mrs. George Cree, of Covington.

—Messrs. John Flynn and Wyatt Coons, of Brooksville, were here Sunday evening.

—Judge Sam Holmes and wife, of Mt. Olivet, have been spending a few days here with relatives.

—Judge James P. Harbeson was here Sunday evening en route to Vanceburg where he opened court this morning.

—Misses Lida and Sallie Burgess, Miss Fannie Fraze, of this city, and Miss Anna Milward, of Lexington, left Saturday evening to spend a few days in Washington City.

THE hearing of the Kentucky Bank tax cases before the Supreme Court has been postponed from January 20th to February 20th, on account of the absence on the date first set of Justice Brewer.

**Milk and Mathematics.**  
When Thomas drove up to deliver the usual quart of white mixture, the gentleman of the house kindly inquired, "Thomas, how many quarts of milk do you deliver daily to your customers?"

"Ninety-one, sir."

"And how many cows have you?"

"Nine, sir."

The gentleman made some remarks about an early winter and the state of the roads, and then asked, "Thomas, how much milk per day do your cows average?"

"Seven quarts, sir."

"Ah, um!" said the gentleman, as he moved off.

Thomas looked after him, scratched his head, and all at once grew pale as he pulled out a short pencil and began to figure on the wagon cover: "Nine cows is nine, and I set down seven quarts under the cows and multiply. That's 63 quarts of milk. I told him I sold 91 quarts per day. Sixty-three from 91 leaves 28 and none to carry. Now, where do I get the rest of the milk? I'll be hanged if I haven't given myself away to one of my best customers by leaving a big cavity in these figures to be filled with water!"—London Sketch.

**The Sea Gull and the Fisherman.**

In the fishing village of Auchmithie (the Musselraig of Scott's "Antiquary") you may frequently witness sea gulls flying into the houses of the fishermen and partaking of food from their hands. One of these sea birds was in the habit of staying in a fisherman's house all the year round except at the breeding season, when it left. Quite recently, while the gull was away, the fisherman removed his home from Auchmithie to Arbroath (the Fairport of Scott's "Antiquary"), distant some 3½ miles from the former place, taking up his residence in South street of Arbroath. The fisherman never expected to see his old friend the gull again. It was therefore much to his astonishment that he beheld a fortnight later the sea bird come walking into his new residence with stately steps to resume his old familiarities and household ways with his housekeeper.—London Lady.

**Grief Causes a Suicide.**

Baltimore, Jan. 16.—Miss Anna Mary Hoeke Schley, 25, daughter of the late Colonel William Louis Schley, poet, and second cousin of Rear Admiral Schley, committed suicide. Since the death of her father, to whom she was much attached, Miss Schley had been inconsolable.

**Presented With Bibles.**

Annapolis, Jan. 16.—The annual presentation of Bibles to the graduating class at the naval academy by the American Seamen's Friend society was made in the chapel at the academy. Rev. Dr. Stitt of New York delivered the presentation sermon.

**Drowned In Cuba.**

Havana, Jan. 16.—Corporal Francis E. Green, company K, Fourth Illinois volunteers, was drowned while bathing in the Almendares river. The body probably will be sent home for interment at Litchfield. A boy who was called the mascot of the Second South Carolina regiment was also drowned in the same stream.

**Passenger Train Derailed.**

Clay City, Ills., Jan. 16.—Passenger train No. 4, Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, was derailed just east of Clay City on account of a broken rail. The combination car, coach and sleeper were derailed. There were three men, one woman and two children injured.

**Jail Birds Escape.**

Chillicothe, O., Jan. 16.—Harry Blair of Columbus and John Simms, two of the trio of safe blowers and bank robbers, arrested here a few days ago, sawed their way to freedom and made good their escape.

**Dug Their Way to Freedom.**

Canton, O., Jan. 16.—Four prisoners escaped from the workhouse. They are Ed Sherwood, Youngstown, assault; William McKinney, New Philadelphia, larceny; John Patterson, Lisbon, larceny; H. D. Myers, Massillon, larceny. They dug a hole through a 12-inch brick wall.

**Caught a Murderer 'Black.**

Harrordsburg, Ky., Jan. 16.—Jim Wheat, the negro who shot his brother, John Wheat, to death, and fatally shot Jim Vandyke at McAfee, in a crap game, was captured by Officers Forsythe and Chinn and lodged in the county jail here.

**Offer of Filipinos.**

Madrid, Jan. 16.—Delegates representing the Filipino colony have offered the minister of the colonies, Senor Romero Giron, their co-operation for the liberation of the Spanish prisoners held by the insurgents in the Philippine Islands.

**A Missing Launch.**

Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 16.—Great fear is felt for the safety of the naptha launch Paul Jones, hailing from Louisville, which left the mouth of the Mississippi river Jan. 3 for this port. A party of ladies and gentlemen from Chicago and Indianapolis are on board.

**Shot Him Dead.**

Chicago, Jan. 16.—William J. Russell, a cooper, shot and killed his son-in-law, James Deneen. Deneen, it is said, made disparaging remarks concerning Russell's family relations. Russell escaped after the shooting and has not yet been captured.

## WOMAN AND FASHION.

**Lace Sprayed With Tiny Blossoms.**  
Handsome Evening Gown.  
Shades For Winter.

Nothing in the evening toilets of this season are more exquisite than the gowns whose elegance is due chiefly to the skillful and artistic use of lace. One



LACE ROBE.

of the most charming of these is that shown in the accompanying cut of a lace robe. It is of ecru net, sprayed daintily with tiny blossoms of real lace mingled with small bouquets. The garniture of the bodice is of tulle and mauve orchids, tied on the shoulder with a very chic satin bow and supplemented by a smart ornament for the

**Foster and MacVeagh Are Better.**  
Washington, Jan. 16.—Ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster is reported as slightly improved. He is able to sit up at times, but only for a short while, and he is still very weak. His physician, Dr. W. W. Johnson, stated, however, that he is convalescing steadily. Ex-Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh, who has been quite ill, is gaining rapidly.

**Fear Bloodshed.**

Portland, Ind., Jan. 16.—Bloodshed is feared if the Red Key Glass company, whose employees are on a strike against a reduction in wages, attempt to start the factory with men imported from Pennsylvania, as the owners assert they will do. The company has applied to the sheriff for protection for the new men, but has been refused.

**General Humphrey.**  
Adrian, Mich., Jan. 16.—General William Humphrey, 71, is dead. He was auditor general of the state four terms and served eight years as warden of the state prison at Jackson.

**Handsome Evening Gown.**

One of the handsomest evening gowns of the season is shown in the figure. It is especially designed for a young woman. The material is pearl white satin.



FOR THE INFORMAL DINNER.

The body of the gown is covered with a tunic of chantilly, which is looped up over a spangled tablier. The decollete edging, stole and sleeves are of white mouseline de soie.—New York Telegram.

**Shades For Winter.**

Colors for winter follow very closely in the wake of those worn during the summer. They will be extremely gay, and the leading tones run to plum and purple. Startling combinations of color are seen on some of the new importations, but somehow they do not make faces at each other, as a touch of white, cream or black always introduced is as a peacemaker. In fact, to be quite in the fashion it is imperative that every gown has a bit of black or cream, whether it be in lace, silk, chiffon, embroidery or velvet. Some of the handsome black and dark colored gowns have white silk embroidered sprays and set figures applied. Others are braided in black, having just a line of white running through the design.—Woman's Home Companion.

**New Skirt Pins.**

One way that one woman has of fastening the plain back of one of her new

skirts is by safety pins of graduated size. These are all of heavy gold wire. The largest is just below the waist, and in the center of it is an oval turquoise. The next pin below this is a size smaller, the next a size smaller than that, and so on through the five. A safety pin with a turquoise like this is in a set with two small stickpins, each having the little turquoise head set in gold.

## NO REVENUE STAMPS

**Placed on the Bonds Filed by Ohio Notaries Public.**

Chillicothe, O., Jan. 16.—Special Internal Revenue Agent Sloosier has made the sensational discovery that no revenue stamps appear on any of the bonds filed by the 1,400 notaries public appointed by Governor Bushnell since the war revenue act took effect. The agent has assessed the amount against Governor Bushnell, and has instructed Collector Entrekkin of this district to collect it.

The latter is awaiting instructions from Washington. It is said the failure of the notaries public to properly qualify may render their acts illegal.

**Ovation to the Fourth.**

Chicago, Jan. 16.—The Fourth Regular infantry, recruited up to its full strength of over 1,200 men, left Fort Sheridan on its long journey to the Philippines. Hundreds of people gathered at the station at the fort, where the regiment has been stationed so long, and many affecting scenes were witnessed between the blue-clad men and the wives and sweethearts they were bidding farewell.

**Swindlers Arrested.**

Omaha, Jan. 16.—The police have arrested Frederick Wilton, S. H. Davis and two women, who operate with them, on the charge of swindling. The doctor hails from New Orleans, and has been operating as a spirit medium assisted by others and a wagon load of paraphernalia, in which false beards, wigs and other make-up articles form a considerable part.

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## CINCINNATI TOBACCO MARKET.

**The Better Grades Not in Much Demand.**

Irregularity in the Bidding.

	1898.	1898.
	Hhds.	Hhds.
Offerings for the week	1,212	2,035
Rejections for the week	291	418
Actual sales for the week	921	1,177
Receipts for the week	979	1,468
Offerings of new for the week	833	1,245
Offerings year to date	1,873	2,981
Rejections year to date	475	661
Actual sales year to date	1,398	2,320
Receipts year to date	1,659	2,725

The Cincinnati Leaf Tobacco Warehouse Company, in its circular for the week, has the following:

There was some irregularity in the bidding on tobacco during the past week, varying from day to day. As reported in our last, the better goods in both old and new were not as strong as they might have been, the manufacturers' demand for these goods being very limited, and speculation in them almost entirely absent. The representatives of the consolidated manufacturers' interests were in the market and were liberal buyers; everything they could use was, we think, slightly advanced in price over last week, new tobacco of low and medium grade particularly. There was not a large proportion of rejections in these goods, and shippers were most generally satisfied with their sales.

There was very little old tobacco offered, in fact the stocks of these goods are so much reduced that we can hardly look for considerable offerings, and prices were higher on all but fine grades. Common trash, as well as colory ones, were perhaps the best sellers, having the most competition.

The offerings showed only a small proportion of nice old tobacco. Lack of body seems to be the principal feature of the new crop, though we find rather less house burn than we looked for from all reports during the fall—the crop in some sections seems to be almost free from it. As yet only very few purchases have been made in the country, and shipments therefore are mostly by farmers.

Receipts are moderate, but will, of course, increase from now on, provided the weather continues favorable for handling, and we look for increased activity in the next few weeks.

Almost every man in America has some digestive trouble. When men meet, the greeting usually is, "Well, how are you?" That develops health talk. The man who has no bowel or stomach trouble is almost a curiosity. Troubles men take no care of themselves. They eat as though they had copper stomachs and bowels of brass. By and by, overworked nature rebels. Then come headaches, nervousness, bad blood, liver and kidney troubles. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets furnish help for constipation and torpid liver, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, sour stomach, loss of appetite, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belching, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Accept no substitutes.

## MARKET REPORTS.

**Grain and Stock Quotations For Jan. 14**

Chicago.

Cattle—Fancy, \$5 80@6 00; choice steers, \$5 40@5 75; mediums, \$4 75@6 00; beef \$3 75@4 70; bulls, \$2 60@4 75; cows and heifers, \$3 30@4 00; western fed steers, \$4 00@5 60; Texans, \$3 60@5 90. Calves—\$4 00@7 10.

Hogs—Fair to choice, \$3 65@3 80; packing lots, \$3 45@3 62½; mixed, \$3 50@3 70; butchers', \$3 50@4 73; light pigs, \$3 60@4 60.

Wheat—67½c. Corn—34c. Oats—26c.

Pittsburgh.

Cattle—Extra shipping, \$5 40@5 60; prime, \$4 55@5 35; good, \$4 90@5 10; tidy butchers', \$4 50@4 80; 40@4 40; heifers, \$3 25@4 40; bulls, stags and cows, \$3 25@4 40; calves, \$3 00@4 25; fresh, \$3 00@4 50. Calves—\$4 00@7 25.

Hogs—Prime mediums and heavies, \$3 90@4 25; heavy, Yorkers, \$3 85@3 90; light Yorkers, \$3 80@3 85; pigs, \$3 60@3 60; stags and rams, \$2 25@3 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, \$4 45@4 60; good, \$4 25@4 40; fair, \$4 00@4 20; common, \$3 00@3 75; choice lambs, \$3 50@4 50; common to good, \$4 00@4 25.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Butchers', \$4 75@5 15; shipping, \$4 85@5 25; tops, \$5 40@5 75; cows and heifers, \$3 75@5 50; stockers and feeders, \$4 60@5 25. Calves—\$3 75@5 00.

Hogs—Yorkers, \$3 80@3 85; medium, \$3 65@3 90; heavy, \$3 90@3 92½; pigs, \$3 65@3 70.

Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice lambs, \$3 15@3 30; fair to good, \$3 00@3 15; common and common, \$3 35@4 75; mixed sheep, \$3 40@4 25; lambs, \$2 75@3 50; common, \$3 00@3 25; lambs, \$2 50@3 25.

Calves—\$3 00@3 25; cattle, \$2 50@4 85. Sheep—\$2 25@3 90. Lambs—\$4 00@4 25.

Cleveland.

Cattle—Steers, \$4 70@5 75; oxen and stags, \$2 70@5 85; bulls, \$3 25@4 10; choice, \$4 40@5 50. Calves—Veals, \$5 00@5 25; southern, \$3 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice lambs, \$3 45@5 75; sheep, \$3 00@4 50.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$2 80@2 90. Corn—No. 2, 43½c@4 40c. Oats—No. 2, 34c. Rye—No. 2 western, 65c.

Hogs—\$3 90@4 15.